

CLAIM AMENDMENTS

Claim 1 (Currently Amended)

A process for separating and identifying intact microbes while maintaining the microbes/cells intact comprising:

(a) obtaining a sample comprising one or more intact microbes/cells from a substrate containing said microbes/cells;

(b) introducing said sample into a passageway having a moving fluid therein;

(c) separating said one or more microbes/cells in said moving fluid by means of electrophoresis so as to separate said one or more microbes/cells in said moving fluid and to separate one from another and from any other components in said sample while maintaining said microbes/cells intact; and

(d) analyzing said separated intact microbes/cells so as to identify said microbes/cells,

wherein said moving fluid comprises a water-based solution and a dilute water soluble ~~neutral~~ polymer that separates said microbes in said passageway during said separating step.

Claim 2 (Canceled)

Claim 3 (Original)

The process of claim 1 wherein said passageway is a conventional capillary tube or a microchip fluidic device.

Claim 4 (Previously Presented)

The process of claim 1 wherein said analyzing is conducted by spectroscopy, mass spectrometry or electrochemical means.

Claim 5 (Original)

The process of claim 1 wherein the substrate is a foodstuff, a dietary supplement, water, animal, plant, soil, or air.

Claim 6 (Currently Amended)

A process for diagnosing a disease caused by microbes comprising:

(a) obtaining a sample containing one or more intact microbes from an organism stricken with a disease caused by said microbes;

(b) introducing said sample into a passageway having a moving fluid therein;

(c) separating said one or more microbes in said moving fluid by means of electrophoresis so as to separate said one or more microbes in said moving fluid and to separate one from another and from other components in said sample while maintaining said microbes intact;

(d) analyzing said separated intact microbes so as to identify said microbes; and

(e) associating said microbe with a disease so as to diagnose said disease,

wherein said fluid comprises a water-based solution and a dilute water soluble neutral polymer that separates said microbes in said passageway during said separating step.

Claim 7 (Canceled)

Claim 8 (Original)

The process of claim 6 wherein said passageway is a conventional capillary tube or a microchip system.

Claim 9 (Original)

The process of claim 6 wherein the organism is a plant or an animal.

Claim 10 (Currently Amended)

A process for determining the binding affinity of a drug/other substance with a microbe/cell comprising:

(a) obtaining a sample comprising one or more intact microbes/cells from a substrate containing said microbes/cells;

(b) combining the sample with a drug or other substance in a fluid media to form a suspension and to allow said microbe/cell to bind with said drug/other substance;

(c) introducing said suspension into a passageway having a moving fluid therein;

(d) subjecting said suspension to electrophoresis so as to separate said microbes/cells, said drug/other substance and bound microbes/cells-drug/other substance in said moving fluid and to separate one from another while maintaining said microbes/cells, said drug/other substance and said bound microbes/cells-drug/other substance intact; and

(e) analyzing said separated, intact bound microbes/cells-drug/other substance to determine their affinity for each other,

wherein said moving fluid comprises a water-based solution and a dilute water soluble neutral polymer that separates said microbes/cells, said drug/other substance and said bound microbes/cells-drug/other substance in said passageway during said subjecting step.

Claim 11 (Original)

The process of claim 10 wherein drug/other substance is an antibiotic or a prion.

Claim 12 (Original)

The process of claim 10 wherein said substrate is an animal.

Claim 13 (Original)

The process of claim 10 wherein said passageway is a capillary tube or microfluidic device.

Claim 14 (Canceled)

Claim 15 (Currently Amended)

A process for determining the viability of microbes/cells comprising:

- (a) obtaining a sample containing one or more intact microbes/cells from a substrate containing said microbes/cells;
- (b) dying said sample with a dye that causes viable microbes/cells to be distinguished from non-viable microbes/cells;
- (c) introducing said dyed sample into a passageway having a fluid therein;
- (d) separating said one or more microbes/cells in said moving fluid by means of electrophoresis so as to separate said one or more microbes/cells in said moving fluid and to separate one from another and from other components in said sample while maintaining said microbes/cells intact; and

(e) analyzing said separated intact microbes/cells so as to identify viable microbes/cells from non-viable microbes/cells based on said dye,

wherein said moving fluid comprises a water-based solution and a dilute water soluble ~~neutral~~ polymer that separates said microbes/cells in said passageway during said separating step.

Claim 16 (Canceled)

Claim 17 (Original)

The process of claim 15 wherein said passageway is a conventional capillary tube or a microchip capillary system.

Claim 18 (Cancelled)

Claim 19 (Cancelled)

Claim 20 (Cancelled)

Claim 21 (Cancelled)

Claim 22 (Previously Presented)

The process of claim 1 wherein said water soluble neutral polymer is polyethylene oxide, polyethylene glycol, polyvinyl

alcohol, linear polyacrylamide, hydroxypropylcellulose, hydroxyethylcellulose, methylcellulose, amylase or dextrin.

Claim 23 (Previously Presented)

The process of claim 6 wherein said water soluble neutral polymer is polyethylene oxide, polyethylene glycol, polyvinyl alcohol, linear polyacrylamide, hydroxypropylcellulose, hydroxyethylcellulose, methylcellulose, amylase or dextrin.

Claim 24 (Previously Presented)

The process of claim 10 wherein said water soluble neutral polymer is polyethylene oxide, polyethylene glycol, polyvinyl alcohol, linear polyacrylamide, hydroxypropylcellulose, hydroxyethylcellulose, methylcellulose, amylase or dextrin.

Claim 25 (Previously Presented)

The process of claim 15 wherein said water soluble neutral polymer is polyethylene oxide, polyethylene glycol, polyvinyl alcohol, linear polyacrylamide, hydroxypropylcellulose, hydroxyethylcellulose, methylcellulose, amylase or dextrin.

Claim 26 (Cancelled)

Claim 27 (Previously Presented)

A process for diagnosing a disease caused by microbes comprising:

(a) obtaining a sample containing one or more intact microbes from an organism stricken with a disease caused by said microbes;

(b) introducing said sample into a passageway having a fluid therein;

(c) separating said one or more microbes in said fluid by capillary isoelectric focusing so as to cause said one or more microbes to move in said fluid and to separate one from another and from other components in said sample while maintaining said microbes intact;

(d) analyzing said separated intact microbes so as to identify said microbes; and

(e) associating said microbe with a disease so as to diagnose said disease,

wherein said fluid comprises an ampholyte that focuses said microbes in said passageway during said separating step.

Claim 28 (Previously Presented)

A process for determining the binding affinity of a drug/other substance with a microbe/cell comprising:

(a) obtaining a sample comprising one or more intact microbes/cells from a substrate containing said microbes/cells;

(b) combining the sample with a drug or other substance in a fluid media to form a suspension and to allow said microbe/cell to bind with said drug/other substance;

(c) introducing said suspension into a passageway having a fluid therein;

(d) subjecting said suspension to capillary isoelectric focusing so as to cause said microbes/cells, said drug/other substance and bound microbes/cells-drug/other substance to move in said fluid and to separate one from another while maintaining said microbes/cells, said drug/other substance and said bound microbes/cells-drug/other substance intact; and

(e) analyzing said separated, intact bound microbes/cells-drug/other substance to determine their affinity for each other,

wherein said fluid comprises an ampholyte that focuses said microbes/cells, said drug/other substance and said bound microbes/cells-drug/other substance in said passageway during said subjecting step.

Claim 29 (Previously Presented)

A process for determining the viability of microbes/cells comprising:

(a) obtaining a sample containing one or more intact microbes/cells from a substrate containing said microbes/cells;

(b) dying said sample with a dye that causes viable microbes/cells to be distinguished from non-viable microbes/cells;

(c) introducing said dyed sample into a passageway having a fluid therein;

(d) separating said one or more microbes/cells in said fluid by capillary isoelectric focusing so as to cause said one or more microbes/cells to move in said fluid and to separate one from another and from other components in said sample while maintaining said microbes/cells intact; and

(e) analyzing said separated intact microbes/cells so as to identify viable microbes/cells from non-viable microbes/cells based on said dye,

wherein said fluid comprises an ampholyte that focuses said microbes/cells in said passageway during said separating step.

Claim 30 (Cancelled)